

Airport Zoning Compatibility for the Palmer Lake Metropolitan Urban Center

Airport Zoning – MDC Code Chapter 33, Article XXXVII

Airport Zoning is a type of "overlay zoning"; it may be more restrictive than the underlying zoning in the City of Doral.

Promotes compatible land use and protects airspace.

Protects economic benefits and the capacity of aviation facilities.

Protects public health, safety and welfare by limiting the type and densities of land use activities in high-risk safety areas near runway ends.

Protecting Land Use

Airport Zoning encourages appropriate land uses that are compatible with airport operations. Land uses may be prohibited or restricted depending on their proximity to the airport and/or if the site is impacted by an airport land-use restrictive zone. The following uses may be restricted/prohibited:















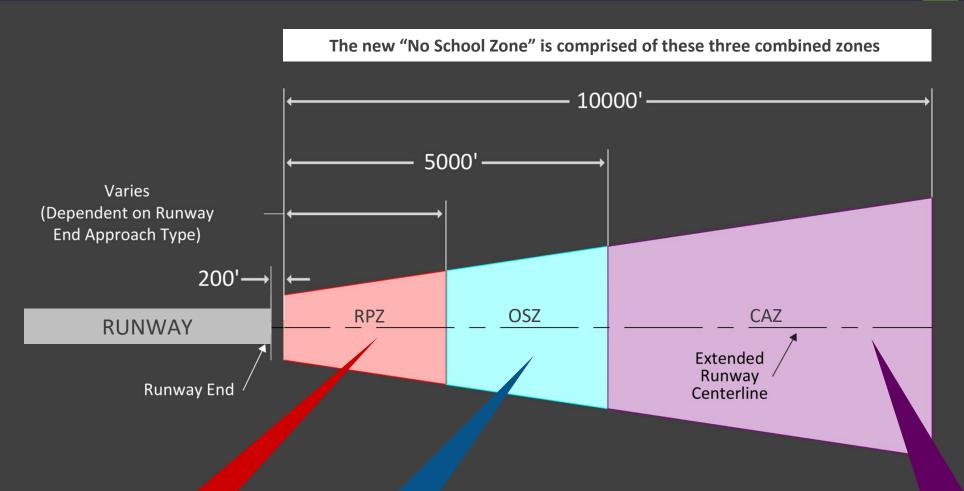


- Residential units
- Public assembly
- New educational facilities (including day care facilities)
- Uses that may attract wildlife (e.g. landfills)

- Uses that create electrical interference with radio communications between the airport and aircraft.
- Establishments or uses that emit smoke, gases, or dust in quantities or densities sufficient to jeopardize the safe use of the airport.



Land Use Compatibility Restriction Zones



Runway Protection Zone

Only stormwater retention/detention facilities shall be permitted

Outer Safety Zone

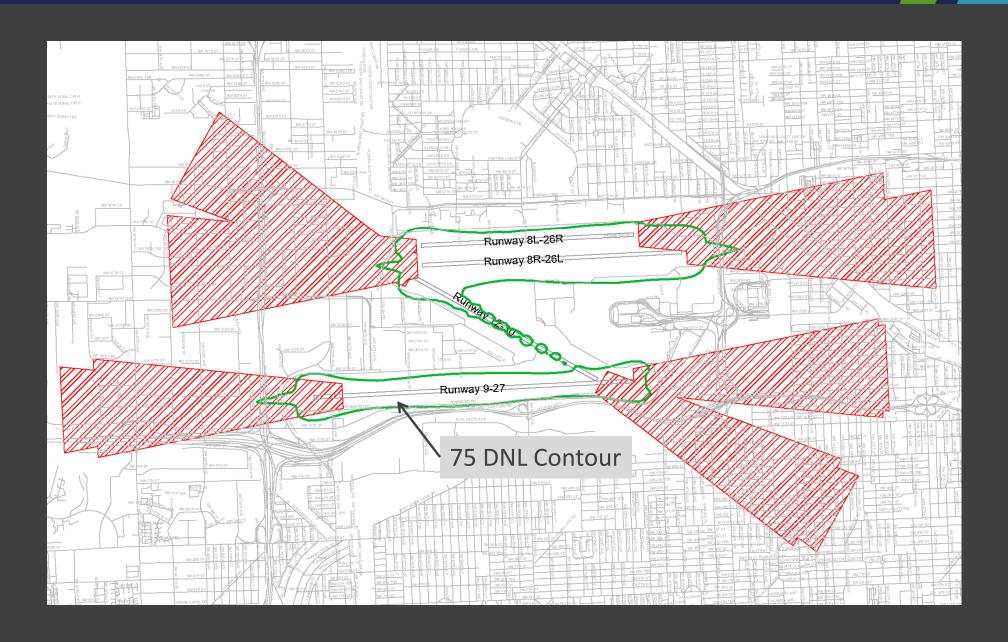
Prohibits new residential construction, new educational facilities, hospitals, religious facilities and other buildings of public assembly.

Critical Approach Zone

No new hospitals, stand-alone emergency rooms, urgent care facilities, skilled nursing facilities, assisted living facilities, adult day care facilities, day nurseries, and educational facilities, excluding aviation-related schools. In no event shall the prohibition on educational facilities be varied. No establishments that emit smoke, gases, or dust in quantities or densities sufficient to jeopardize the safe use of the airport. No uses that would otherwise endanger the landing, taking off, or maneuvering of aircraft. No landfills or uses that attract or sustain birds and bird movements.

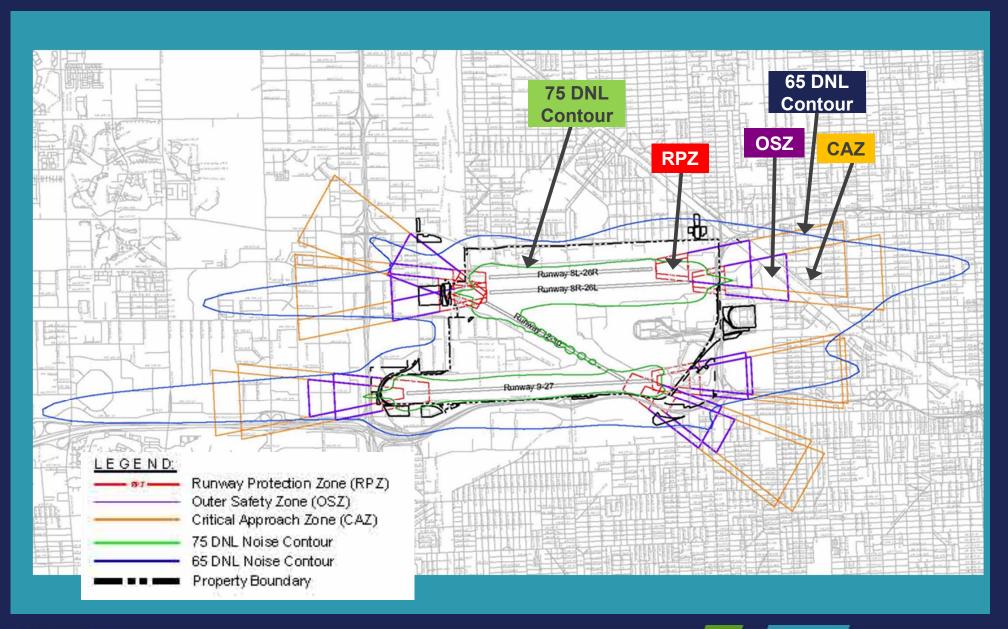


Miami International Airport's No School Zones



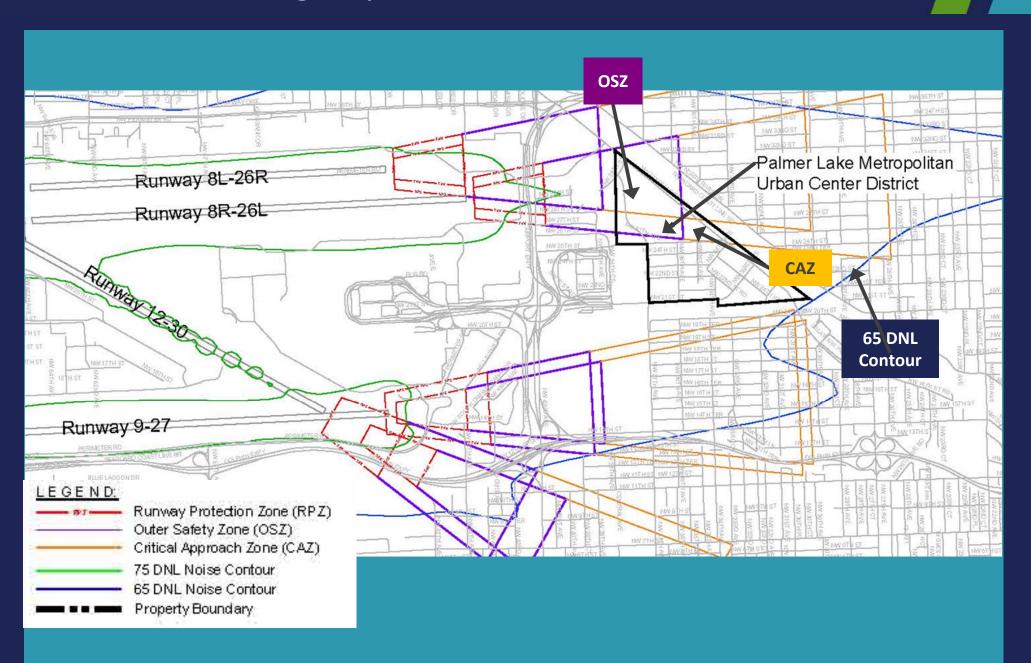


MIA Land Use Zoning map



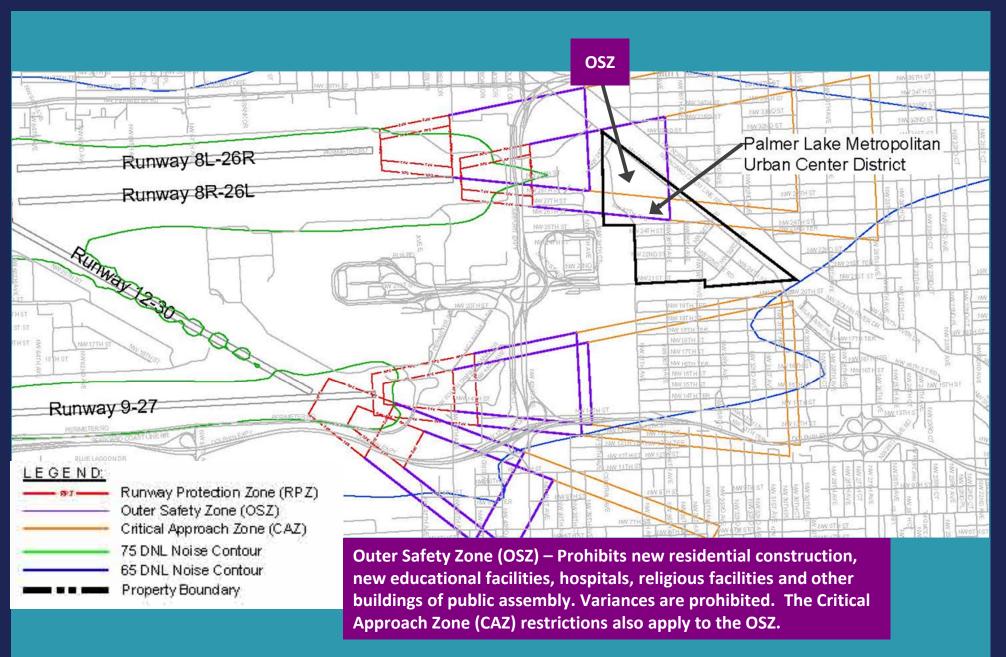


Land Use Zoning Impacts to the Palmer Lake District



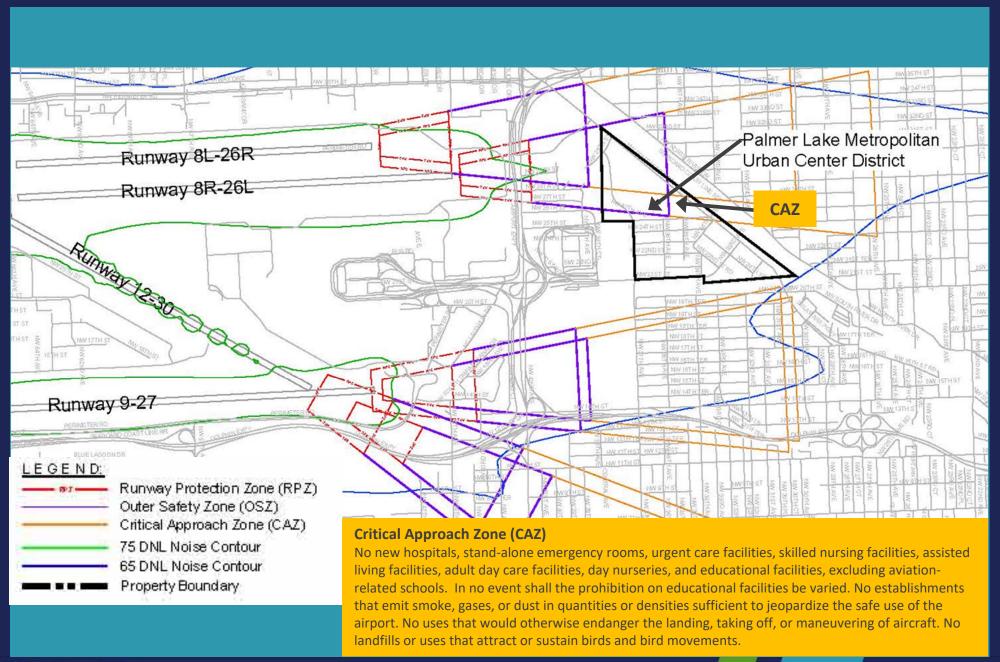


Outer Safety Zone - Impacts to the Palmer Lake District

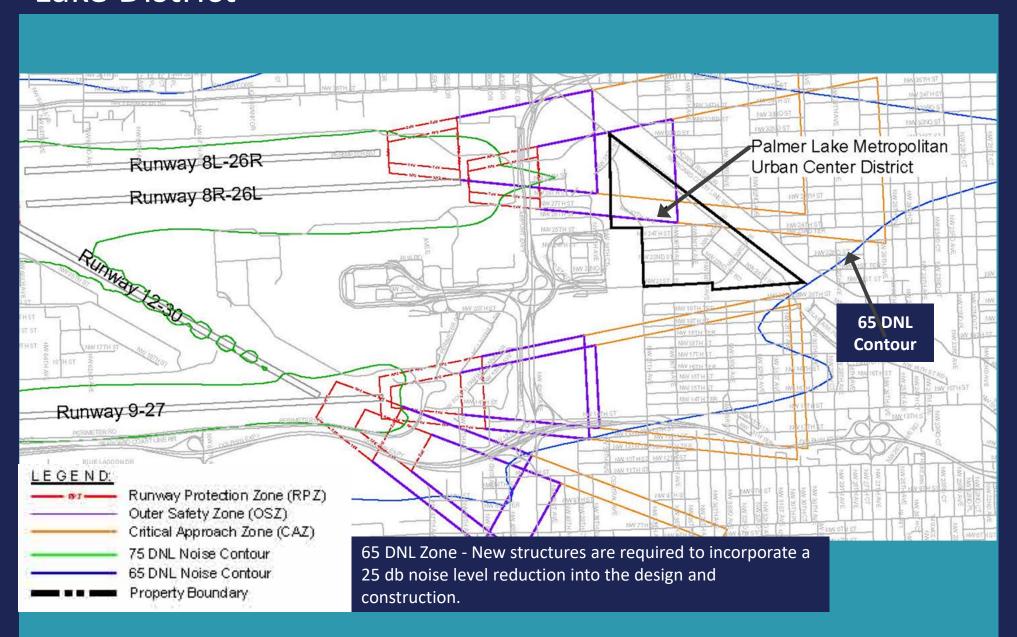




Critical Approach Zone – Impacts to the Palmer Lake District



65 DNL Zone - Land Use Zoning Impacts to the Palmer Lake District





Real Estate Disclosure

The Code requires that property owners disclose to prospective buyers when land is located in a land use or noise compatibility zone, prior to consummation of real estate transactions.

Land involved in this transaction is located within an airport land use and/or noise compatibility restriction zone as established in chapter 33, article xxxvii of the code of Miami-Dade County. This designation applies to properties that are located in close proximity to a county airport and may be impacted by flight operations. Such impacts may include, but are not limited to, noise, vibration, odors, dust, and fumes. Use of property located within the airport land use compatibility restriction zone is subject to compliance with Article XXXVII (Airport Zoning) of the Code of Miami-Dade County."

Protecting Airspace

Sec. 33-334 explains the airspace review process for permanent (cell towers, monopoles, buildings) and temporary structures (construction cranes) and temporary events.

















MDAD does not regulate the placement of proposed heliports and helipads. Permits and approvals are coordinated through FDOT and the FAA. The process is posted on our webpage.

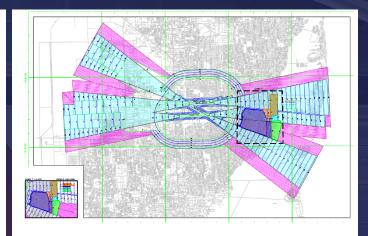
Structures Must Be Studied When...



The proposed structure is within MDAD's Airspace Review Map area.

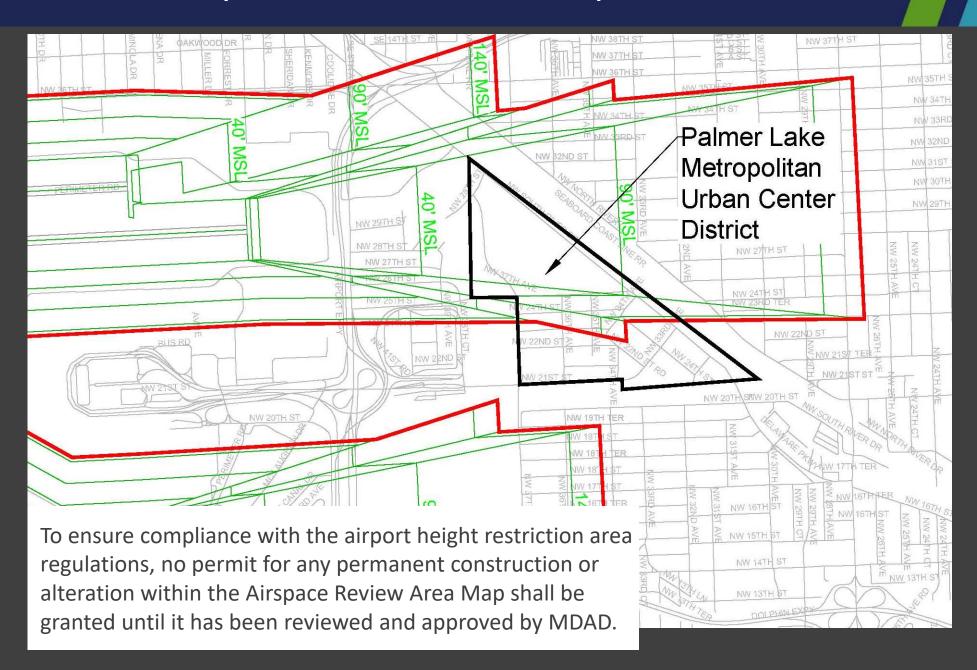


The proposed structure reaches or exceeds 200 feet Above Ground Level.



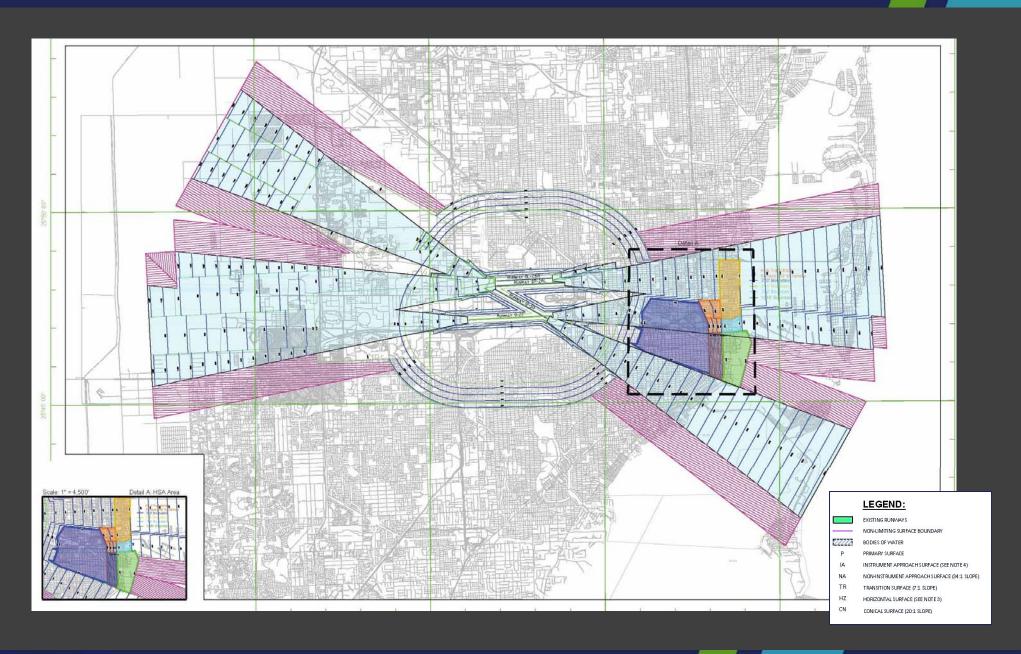
The proposed structure exceeds an imaginary surface extending outward and upward at a slope of 100 to 1 for a horizontal distance of 20,000 feet from the nearest point of the nearest runway of a County airport.

Revised Airspace Review Area Map

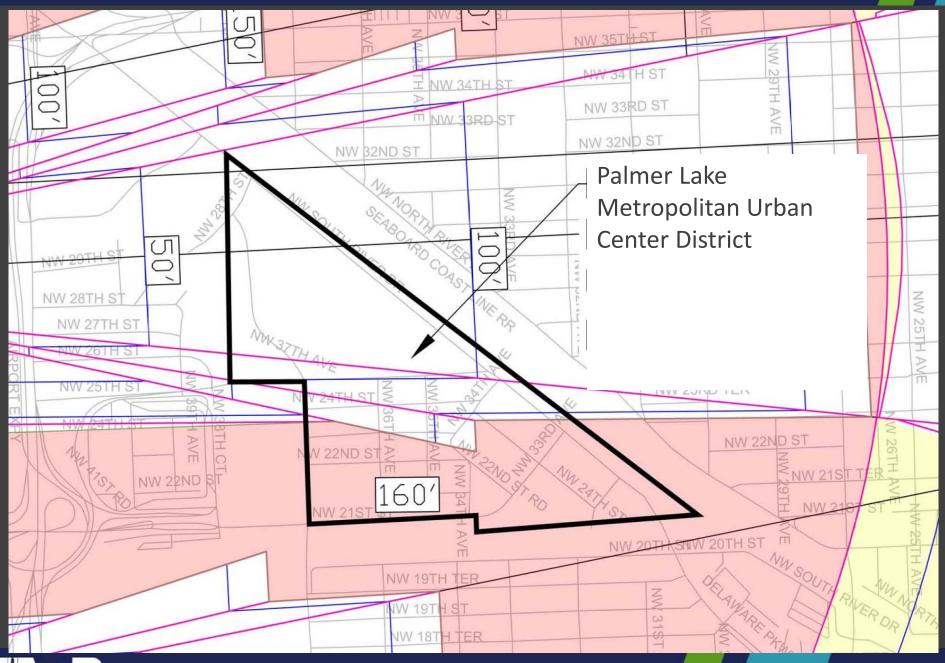




MIA's Height Zoning Map

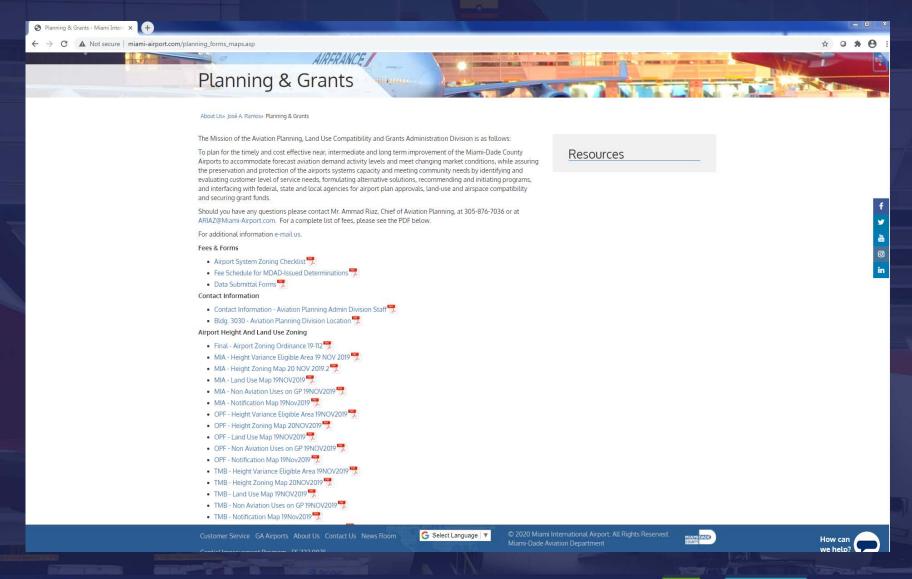


Height Zoning Impacts to Palmer Lake District



Airport Zoning Resources

More information is available by accessing the Miami-Dade County Planning & Grants Website at: http://www.miami-airport.com/planning_forms_maps.asp





Contact Information

Please address the envelope to the attention of your Assigned aviation planner.
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Miami-Dade Aviation Department Aviation Planning, Land Use and Grants Division

P.O. Box 025504, Miami, FL 33102

For FEDEX / Courier - Physical Address: Miami-Dade Aviation Department Aviation Planning, Land Use and Grants Division Building 3030 4331 NW 22nd Street, "C" Wing, Second Floor Miami, FL 33122 Website: http://www.miami-airport.com/planning_forms_maps.asp Please direct all requests and inquiries to Mr. Ammad Riaz, P.E., Chief of Aviation Planning Mr. Riaz will assign requests to an aviation planner.

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Airport Zoning Regulations